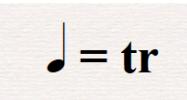


NOKTURN

Za tamburaški orkestar

Tihomir Ranogajec

Legenda

Osnove izvođenja	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Oznaka prikazuje najmanju trzanu notnu vrijednost. Sve notne vrijednosti manje od (u ovom primjeru četvrtinke) se kucaju. Odstupanja od ovog pravila se pišu direkt direkt iznad određene note.Ovo pravilo se odnosi samo na bisernice, bračeve i čelo.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Notna vrijednost koja bi se po gore navedenom pravilu trzala se kuca ukoliko iznad se iznad nje nalazi navedena oznaka, pri čemu se ne mijenja trajanje same note.Ukoliko se navedena oznaka stavi na notnu vrijednost koja se po gornjem pravilu već kuca, onda je ona u službi jasnijeg prikaza glazbene fraze ili određenog motiva.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Notna vrijednost ili vrijednosti koje bi se po gore navedenom pravilu kucale se tržu ukoliko se iznad pojavi luk kao što je navedeno u primjeru.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Lukovi prikazuju fraze koje se tržu.Fraze je potrebno odvojiti laganim prestankom trzanja između napisanih luka, pri čemu se ne mijenja trajanje notnih vrijednosti.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Navedeni primjer prikazuje notu koja se kuca pri čemu ton ostaje rezonirati do prirodnog nestanka zvuka.

Bugarija i Berda	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukoliko se kod bugarije iznad notnih vrijednosti nalazi šifra akorda, onda treba u zadanom ritmu svirati ispisani akord u poziciji i obratu koji odgovara sviraču. • Ukoliko se iznad notne vrijednosti ne nalazi šifra akorda, tada treba svirati točno što je napisano. U toj situaciji bugarija se zapisuje realno.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bugarija i Berda se u osnovi kucaju, neovisno o notnoj vrijednosti. • Ukoliko je potrebno zatrzati određene tonove ili akorde, tada se stavlja oznaka tremolo.
Proširene tehnike	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Navedena oznaka prikazuje zahtjev da se određena fraza ili taktovi sviraju na zadanoj žici zbog specifičnosti boje tona. Rimskom brojkom je određeno na kojoj žici se svira (npr. Sul II, Sul III). • Kada više nije potrebno svirati na određenoj žici, tada se stavlja oznaka Ord. što dopušta sviraču da sam određuje gdje će svirati zadani glazbeni tekst.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oznaka Pizzicato označava da se određena fraza ili taktovi ne sviraju trzalicom već prstima. • Svirači svih instrumenata izvode Pizzicato palcem, jedino svirači berde koriste kažiprst.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oznaka Ordinare otkljanja sve proširene tehnike.

Program skladbe

Ne tako davno sam se našao ispred jedne stare građevine, spomenika nekih davnih vremena na koja tako lako zaboravimo u današnjem užurbanom životu. Riječ je o staroj utvrdi koja stoji napuštena oko petstotinjak godina, a jednom godišnje se ljudi iz okolnih mjesta sjete te lokacije kao zgodnog mjesta za napraviti zabavu za crkveni god (ili tzv. kirvaj).

Utvrda kao bilo koja druga utvrda, ruševina. Ništa posebno ukoliko si čovjek ne dopusti osjetiti težinu silne povijesti koja se dogodila na tom lokalitetu. To me navelo na pomisao koliko na ovim prostorima postoji zaboravljenih događaja koji bi možda bili i vrijedni za pamtiti.

Nokturno je nastao upravo vodeći se ovim idejama. Skladba nas nakon uvodnih taktova prebaci u neku daleku prošlost, gdje se pomoću dvije teme prikazuje neki neimenovani sukob. Možda je riječ o Turskim upadima na ova područja, možda o zavadi između nekih plemićkih obitelji, ili bilo koji drugi događaj koji bi imao dvije strane. Nokturno po atmosferi, a dvostruka fuga po realizaciji, ova skladba istražuje početak sukoba ili događaja, borbu između dvije strane koja vodi do totalnog uništenja, a potom dostojanstveno prikazuje ono što je ostalo, tj. ostatke ostataka. Pri kraju skladbe teme služe kao povratak u sadašnjost, koja možda neće biti ista nakon saznanja koja smo stekli.

Nokturno je oda nekim nepjevanim junacima ... ili je možda riječ o povjesnoj istini ... ili opis borbe koja se odvila ispred danas napuštene utvrde ... ili je samo priča za laku noć...

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

Lento rubato

J = tr

Bisernica I. *mf*

Bisernica II. *mf*

Bisernica III. *mf*

Brač I. *mf*

Brač II. *mf*

Brač III. *mf*

E Brač

Čelo *mp* *mf*

Bugarija *mf*

Berde *mp* *mf*

Andante

A

p *mp* *espress.*

pp

mp *pp*

mp *pp*

pp

pp

pp

pp

D F^o D G H E Gm F⁺ D A Dm Dm B Gm Dm

pp

p

p

Nokturno

9 *rall.* *A tempo*

Bis. I.

Bis. II.

Bis. III.

Br. I.

Sul II.
p < mp *espress.* Ord.

Br. II.

Br. III.

E Br.

Čelo

Bug.

Ber.

Gm Es F⁷ Dm E Am F Dm Am Dm B C⁺ Am E G⁺ H⁷ F⁺ A⁷
mp *mp*

p *mf*

mf

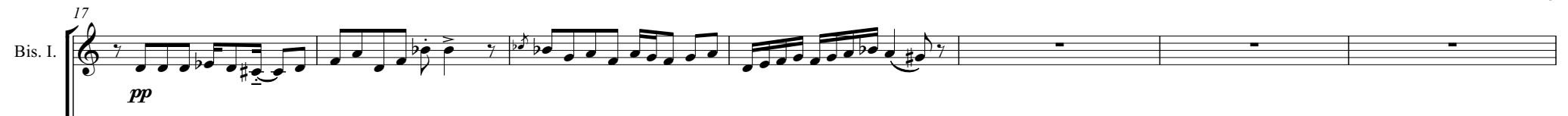
mf *mp*

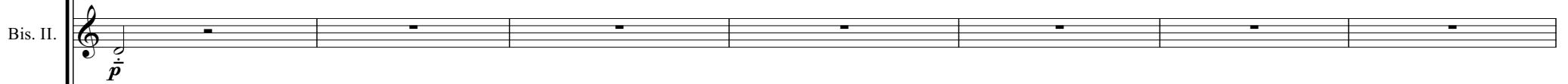
mp

Nokturno

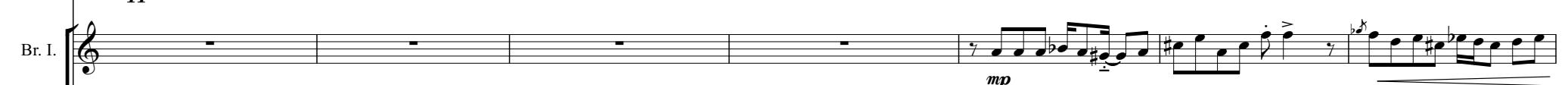
3

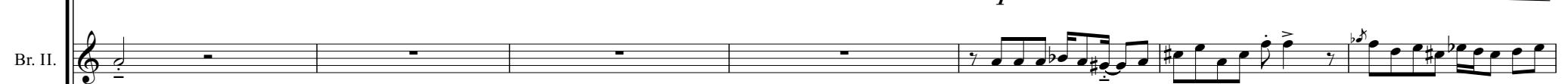
17

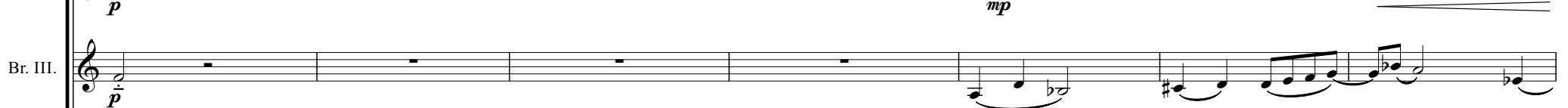
Bis. I. 

Bis. II. 

Bis. III. 

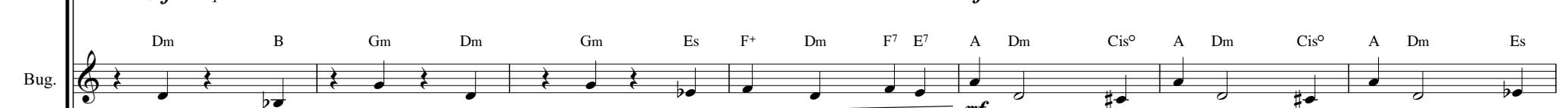
Br. I. 

Br. II. 

Br. III. 

E Br. 

Čelo 

Bug. 

Ber. 

Dm B Gm Dm Gm Es F⁺ Dm F⁷ E⁷ A Dm Cis^o A Dm Cis^o A Dm Es

Nokturno

B

24

Bis. I.

Bis. II.

Bis. III.

Br. I.

Br. II.

Br. III.

E Br.

Čelo

Bug.

Ber.

F+ A E F+ B G+ C F Am B Des

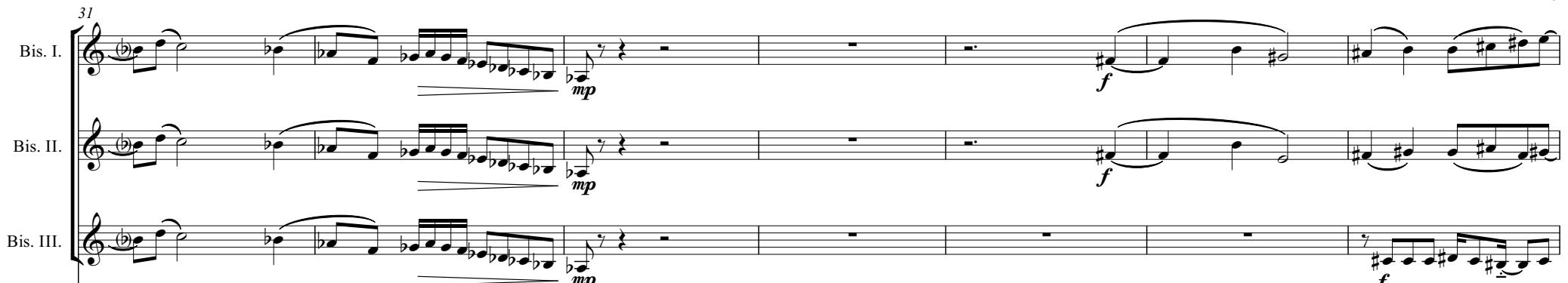
The musical score consists of ten staves. The top three staves (Bassoon I, Bassoon II, Bassoon III) are mostly silent with occasional dynamic markings like *f*. The Trombone parts (I, II, III) play eighth-note patterns with dynamics *f*, *sp*, *mf*, *mp*, *f*, *p*, and *mp*. The Bass Trombone and Double Bass staves show eighth-note patterns with dynamics *sp*, *mf*, *mp*, *f*, *p*, and *mp*. The Bassoon part has a prominent eighth-note pattern in the last measure. The score concludes with a series of notes labeled with musical notes and names: F+, A, E, F+, B, G+, C, F, Am, B, Des.

Nokturno

accel.

5

31

Bis. I. 

Bis. II. 

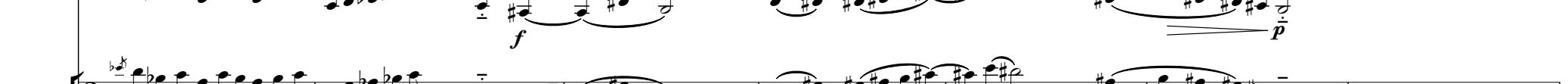
Bis. III. 

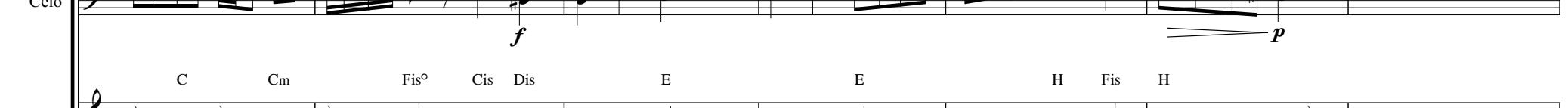
Br. I. 

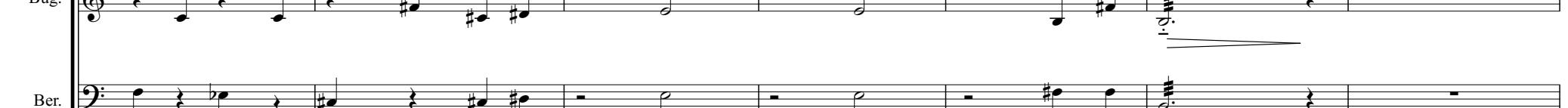
Br. II. 

Br. III. 

E Br. 

Čelo 

Bug. 

Ber. 

C Cm Fis^o Cis Dis E E H Fis H

Più mosso $\downarrow=100$

Nokturno

38

Bis. I.

Bis. II.

Sul II.

Bis. III.

Sul II.

Br. I.

Br. II.

mp

pp mp

Br. III.

mp mf pp

E Br.

f mp

Celo

f mp

Bug.

Ber.

Nokturno

7

Nokturno

54 C

Bis. I.

Bis. II.

Bis. III.

Br. I.

Br. II.

Br. III.

E Br.

Čelo

Bug.

Ber.

Hm C Hm Fis Hm G Hm G Hm Gis^o

D⁺ G^o Hm G^o D⁺ G^o Fis G A^o F⁺

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

D Largo Mysterioso

Nokturno

E Moderato Con moto

62

Bis. I.

Bis. II.

Bis. III.

Br. I.

Br. II.

Br. III.

E Br.

Čelo

Bug.

Ber.

p *pp*

pp *p* *pp* *mp*

pp *p* *pp* *mp*

p *pp* *pp* *p* *p* *mp* *pp*

p *mp* *p* *pp* *p* *mp*

p *Pizz.* *Ord.* *p* *mp*

pp *< mp* *p* *< mp* *mp* *mf*

p *Pizz.* *Ord.* *p* *mp* *mf*

Am Am

p *mp* *mf*

Nokturno

74

Bis. I. *mf*

Bis. II. *mf*

Bis. III. *mf*

Sul II. Ord. *p* *espress.*

Br. I. *f*

Sul II. Ord. *mf*

Br. II. *f*

Br. III. *f*

E Br. *f*

Čelo

Bug. Am F Dm F Gm F Gm Dm G° Dm F+ Dm Gm G°

Ber. *f*

rit.

Lento rubato

Nokturno

molto accel.

Bisernica I.

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

Lento rubato

$\text{♩} = \text{tr}$

Andante

A

5

2

11 A tempo

6

20

4

B

29

accel.

34

Più mosso $\text{♩}=100$

Bisernica I.
Nokturno

48

52

C

57

62

D Largo Mysterioso

70

E Moderato Con moto
3

76

rit.

Lento rubato

81

molto accel.

84

Bisernica II.

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

Lento rubato

$\downarrow = \text{tr}$

Musical score for the first section of the piece. The score consists of two staves. The top staff starts with a treble clef, a 4/4 time signature, and a dynamic marking *mf*. It features a series of eighth-note pairs connected by slurs, with the second note of each pair having a sharp sign. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a 4/4 time signature, and a dynamic marking *p*. It contains eighth-note pairs with slurs, and the second note of each pair has a sharp sign. The music concludes with a fermata over the final note.

Andante

A

rall. - - A tempo

4

5

2 3 rall. A tempo 4

p < mp > < mf >

This image shows the musical score for page 5, measures 2 through 4. The score is in common time (indicated by the '4' at the end of measure 4). Measure 2 consists of two eighth-note chords. Measure 3 starts with a single eighth note followed by a sixteenth note rest. Measure 4 contains a sustained eighth note. Measure 5 begins with a dynamic of *p*, followed by *mp*, then *mf*, and finally *>*. The score includes a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a dynamic marking of *rall.* above the first measure.

17

7

18

A musical score for piano. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). The time signature starts at common time (indicated by a '4'). The first measure shows a half note followed by a fermata over a dotted half note. The second measure begins with a fermata over a dotted half note, followed by a measure of common time (indicated by a '4'). The third measure is in 3/4 time, indicated by a '3' above the staff. The fourth measure is in 4/4 time, indicated by a '4' above the staff. The fifth measure is in 3/4 time, indicated by a '3' above the staff. The sixth measure is in 4/4 time, indicated by a '4' above the staff. The dynamic marking 'p' (pianissimo) is placed under the first measure, and 'f' (fortissimo) is placed under the last measure, indicating a dynamic change.

B

29

1

Musical score for the first movement of Beethoven's Violin Concerto in D major, Op. 61. The page shows measures 11-12, 15-16, and 19-20. Measure 11 starts with a melodic line in the violin, followed by a bassoon entry. Measure 12 continues with the violin and bassoon. Measures 15-16 show a transition with various instruments like oboe, bassoon, and strings. Measure 19 begins with a forte dynamic in the strings, followed by a melodic line in the violin. Measure 20 concludes with a sustained note in the bassoon.

accel.

34

1

Musical score for piano, page 10, measures 11-12. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 11 starts with a rest followed by a dotted half note. The melody continues with eighth-note patterns in both staves. Measure 12 begins with a forte dynamic (**f**) and features eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs. The bass staff includes a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature.

Più mosso ♩=100

Sul II.

40

A musical staff with a single note on the first line. Below the staff, a dynamic marking "mp" is written next to three short horizontal lines.

pp — *mp*

45

Ord.

2

Musical score for piano, page 2, measures 45-50. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 45 starts with a whole note followed by a half note. Measures 46-49 show eighth-note patterns with various rests and dynamics. Measure 50 concludes with a long sustained note. The key signature changes from one sharp to two sharps. Measure numbers 45 through 50 are indicated above the staves.

Bisernica II.
Nokturno

51

54 C

58

D Largo Mysterioso

63 2

69 E Moderato Con moto 5

rit. . . .

77

Lento rubato

molto accel.

82

85

Bisernica III

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

Lento rubato

$\text{♩} = \text{tr}$

mf

ff

ff

ff

Andante

A

5

2

3

rall.

A tempo

6

17

pp

19

4

B

25

f

32

3

mp

accel.

37

f

Più mosso $\text{♩} = 100$

40

mp

Bisernica III

Nokturno

Sul II.
Ord.

43

49 2

54 C

58

D Largo Mysterioso

63 2

69 E Moderato Con moto
6

rit. Lento rubato

79

molto accel.

84

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

L = tr Lento rubato

1 **mf** **p**

5 **Andante** **2** **A** **3** **rall.** **A tempo** **6**

17

19 **pp**

25 **B** **f**

32 **3**

37

40 **Più mosso** **=100**

44 **Sul II.** **Ord.** **2**

mp

mp

pp

Bis - Nokta II in G

51

54 C

58

63 D Largo Mysterioso
2

69 E Moderato Con moto
6

rit.

79

Lento rubato

molto accel.

84

Brač I.

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

Lento rubato

$\text{♩} = \text{tr}$

mf < >

Andante A

rall. Sul II. Ord.

A tempo $p < mp$ express.

14 2 4 mp

22 f

25 sp mf mp f

B

29 p mp f accel.

34 p f Più mosso $\text{♩} = 100$

38

41 2 mp

Brač I.
Nokturno

46

50

54 **C**

58

63 **D Largo Mysterioso**

69

E **Moderato Con moto**
3 Sul II.
Ord.

76

82

85

Brač II.

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

Lento rubato

$\text{J} = \text{tr}$

$mf <= > = mp$

Andante

A

5

pp p

rall. . . . A tempo

4

16

$mf <= p$ mp

22

f

25

$sp < mf$ $mp < f$

B

29

p mp f

accel. . . .

34

$J=100$ $>p$ $> pp$ f

39

$mp < mf$ $> pp$

Brač II.
Nokturno

44

49

2

54 C

58

3

D Largo Mysterioso

63

Pizz. Ord.

69

E Moderato Con moto
5 Sul II.
rit.

78

Ord.
f Lento rubato
molto accel.

82

85

Brač III.

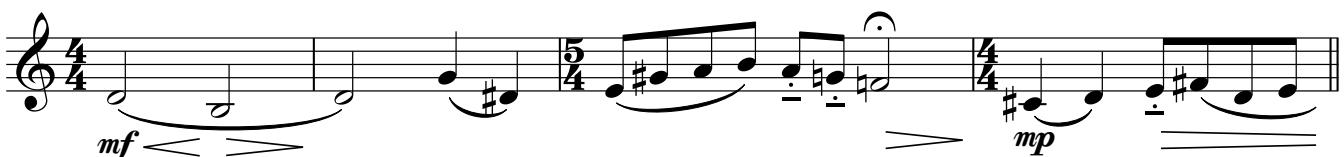
Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

Lento rubato

$\text{J} = \text{tr}$



Andante

A

rall. A tempo

3



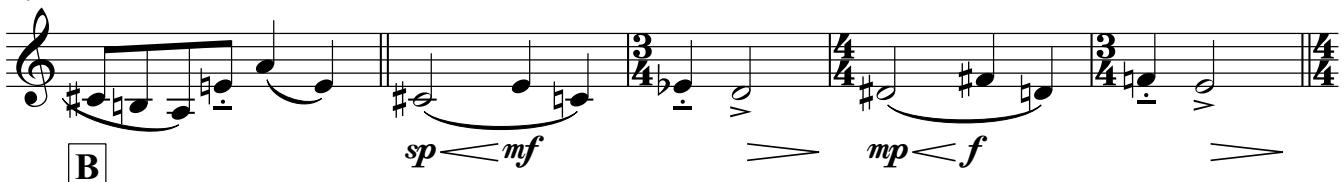
13

3



24 p

B

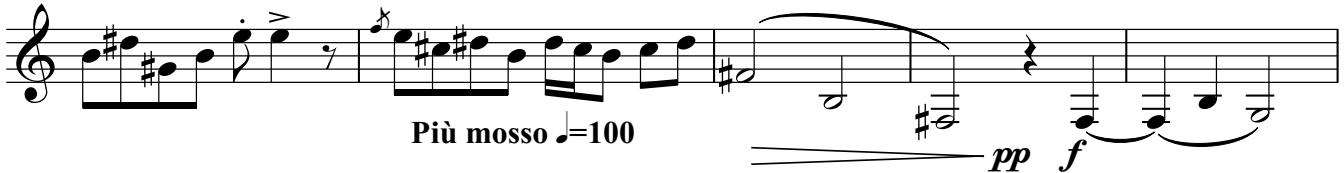


29

Più mosso $\text{J}=100$

accel.

34



39



43

2

Brač III. Nokturno

2

Musical score for piano, page 51, measures 1-4. The score consists of four staves. The first staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It features a dynamic marking *f*. The second staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The third staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The fourth staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The score includes various performance instructions such as *fp*, *ff*, and *f*.

54 C

A musical score for a single instrument, likely a woodwind or brass instrument. The score consists of two staves of music. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It features a series of eighth and sixteenth note patterns, some with grace notes and slurs. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It contains sustained notes and a few eighth-note patterns.

58

D Largo Mysterioso

63

Pizz.

Ord.

Musical score for orchestra, page 10, measures 1-10. The score includes parts for Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon, Trombone, and Percussion. Measure 1: Flute plays a sustained note. Measure 2: Flute enters with a melodic line. Measures 3-4: Flute continues its line. Measures 5-6: Flute and Clarinet play eighth-note patterns. Measures 7-8: Flute and Bassoon play eighth-note patterns. Measures 9-10: Flute and Bassoon continue their patterns. The score is in common time, key signature varies by measure, and dynamics include *p*, *f*, *mp*, and *ff*.

69

E Moderato Con moto
6

79

A musical score for a single instrument, likely a woodwind or brass, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The score consists of two staves of music. The first staff begins with a series of eighth notes followed by a sixteenth note. The second staff begins with a sixteenth note followed by a series of eighth notes.

Lento rubato

molto accel.

82

A musical score for a single instrument, likely a woodwind or brass, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature (indicated by the number '4'). The score consists of two staves of music. The first staff begins with a long sustained note followed by a series of eighth notes. The second staff begins with a half note followed by a series of eighth notes. The dynamics 'mp' (mezzo-forte) are indicated under the first staff, 'mf' (mezzo-forte) under the second staff, and 'mp' again under the third staff. The score concludes with a measure ending in a common time signature.

85

E Brač

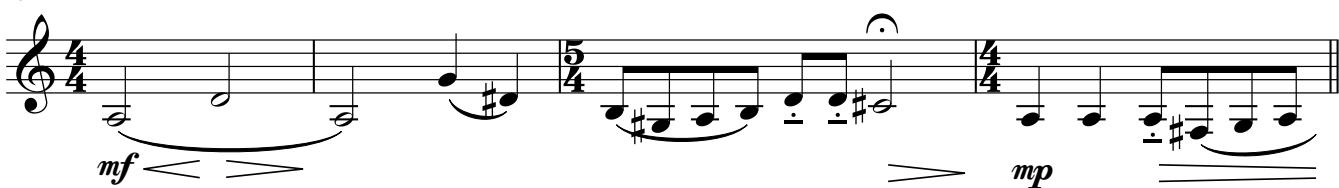
Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

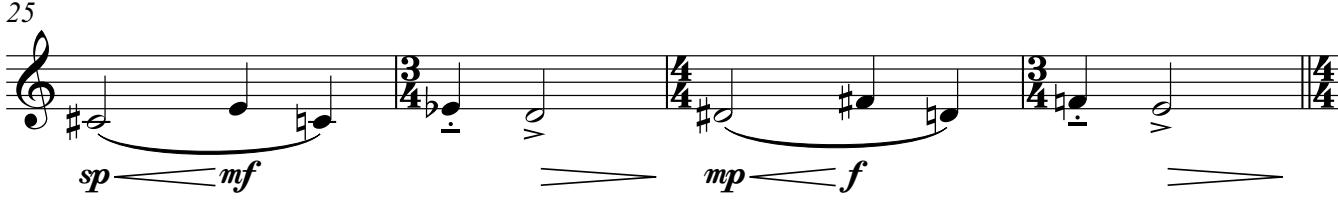
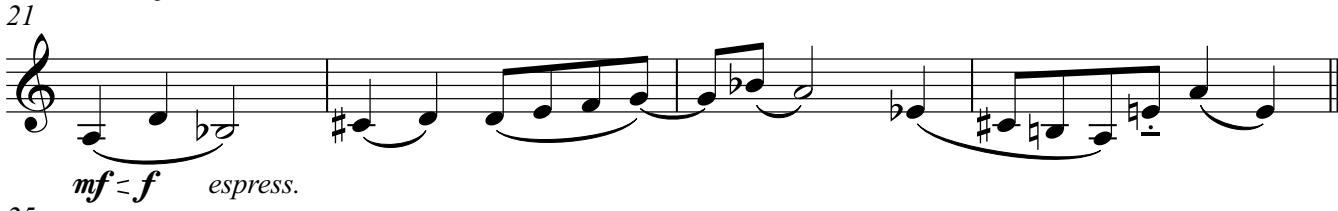
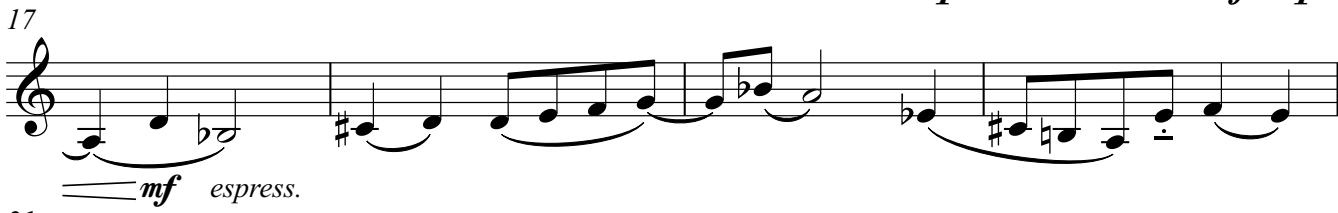
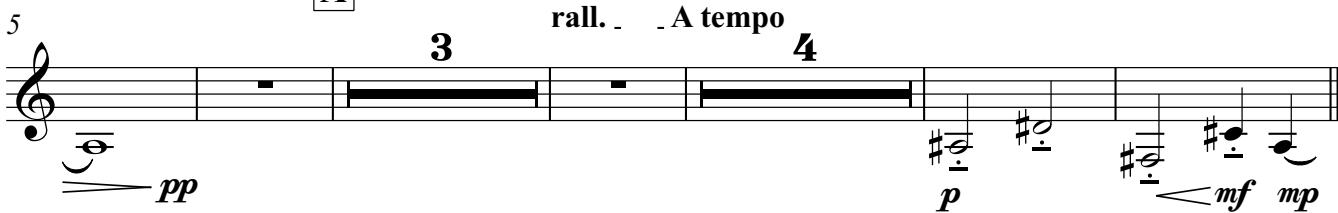
Lento rubato

♩ = tr

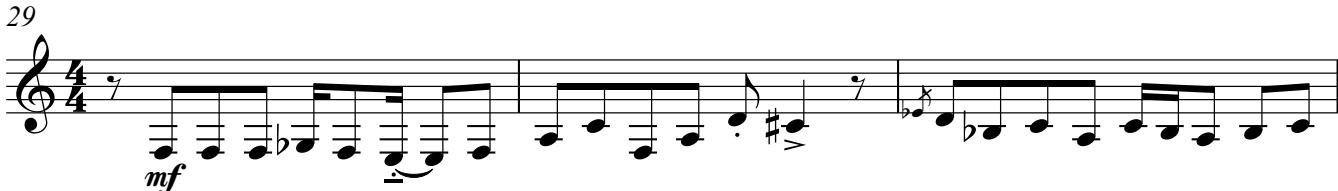


Andante

A



B



E Brač
Nokturno
Più mosso $\text{♩}=100$

39 - - - - -

44

2

C

52

57

D Largo Mysterioso

62

2

Pizz.

70 Ord.

E Moderato Con moto

7

mp

f rit.

79

molto accel.

Lento rubato

82

2

mp mf mp

85

4

fp f p

This musical score consists of six staves of music for a single instrument. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by '4'). Staff 1 starts at dynamic 'f' and transitions to 'mp'. Staff 2 starts at 'fp' and transitions to 'ff'. Staff 3 starts at 'f' and transitions to 'mf'. Staff 4 begins with a dynamic of '3' followed by '4' and '2'. Staff 5 begins with a dynamic of '2' followed by '3'. Staff 6 begins with a dynamic of '4' followed by '2'. The score includes several performance instructions: 'Pizz.' (pizzicato) in staff 2, 'Ord.' (ordinario) in staff 5, 'Moderato Con moto' in staff 5, '7' above staff 5, 'Lento rubato' below staff 7, and 'molto accel.' (molto accelerato) below staff 7. There are also dynamic markings such as 'mp', 'mf', and 'f' throughout the score.

Čelović in G

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

♩ = tr Lento rubato

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 4/4 time signature. It features a sustained note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 4/4 time signature. It features a sustained note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Both staves include dynamic markings: 'mf' with a crescendo and decrescendo bracket on the first measure, and 'mp' with a decrescendo bracket on the second measure.

5 Andante **A** 3 rall. A tempo 4 4 **p** ***mf*** ***mp***

17

mf espress.

21

mf-f *espress.*

29 **B**

mf

f

accel. -

33

2

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p

f

Čelović in G
Nokturno

39 **Più mosso** $\text{♩} = 100$

44

52 **C**

57

63 **D Largo Mysterioso**

2

Pizz.

Ord.

71 **E Moderato Con moto**

7

rit.

f

81

Lento rubato

molto accel.

84

Čelo

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

Lento rubato

♩ = tr

4/4 mp 2/4 mf > mp 4/4

Andante

A

5 3/4 pp 2/4 pp

10 rall. - - - - A tempo

10 rall. - - - - A tempo

15 2/4 mp mf *espress.*

20 2/4 mf

25 3/4 sp 3/4 mf > mp > f

B

29 4/4 mf > f

accel. -

33 2/4 p

Čelo
Nokturno

Più mosso $\text{♩}=100$

39 - - - - -

f \mp

44

2

52 **C**

f **fp** **ff** **ff**

56

D Largo Mysterioso

mf

60

ff **3** **pp** **< mp >**

68 Pizz. **Ord.** **E Moderato Con moto**

p **< mp** **mp** **mf**

75

f

rit. **Lento rubato**

81

molto accel.

84

mp **fp** **f** **p**

Bugarija

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

Lento rubato

$\text{♩} = \text{tr}$

D F° D G H E Gm F+ D A

Dm B Gm Dm Gm Es F⁷ Dm E

Andante

A

Dm B Gm Dm Gm Es F⁷ Dm E

Dm Am Dm B C+ Am E G+ H⁷ F+ A⁷

A tempo

Am F Dm Am Dm B C+ Am E G+ H⁷ F+ A⁷

Dm B Gm Dm Gm Es F+ Dm F⁷ E⁷ A Dm Cis° A Dm Cis°

Am F Dm Am Dm B Gm Dm Gm Es F+ Dm F⁷ E⁷ A Dm Cis° A Dm Cis°

Dm B Gm Dm Gm Es F+ Dm F⁷ E⁷ A Dm Cis° A Dm Cis°

A Dm Es F+ A E F+ B G+ C

A Dm Es F+ A E F+ B G+ C

B

F Am B Des C Cm Fis° Cis Dis E E

F Am B Des C Cm Fis° Cis Dis E E

accel. Più mosso $\text{♩}=100$

H Fis H

3 3 8 3

Bugarija
Nokturno

2 54 **C** Hm C Hm Fis Hm G Hm G Hm Gis^o D⁺ G^o Hm G^o D⁺ G^o Fis

58 G A^o F⁺

D Largo Mysterioso

63 4

71 **E** Moderato Con moto Am Am Am F Dm F Gm

77 F Gm Dm G^o Dm F⁺ Dm Gm G^o G^o Es Dm B B Cm

Lento rubato f molto accel.

82 D F^o D G⁺ H Cis⁷ Fm

Berde

Nokturno

- za tamburaški orkestar -

Tihomir Ranogajec (2016)

Lento rubato

$\downarrow = \text{tr}$

Musical score for the first section. It consists of two staves. The first staff starts with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a tempo marking of Lento rubato. The second staff begins with a common time signature and a tempo marking of $\downarrow = \text{tr}$. The music includes dynamic markings *mp* and *mf*, and a crescendo symbol \geq followed by *mp*.

Andante

A

Musical score for section A. It features a bass clef and a common time signature. The tempo is Andante. The music includes dynamic markings *p* and *rall.*, and a crescendo symbol \geq .

11 A tempo

Musical score for section A tempo. It features a bass clef and a common time signature. The tempo is A tempo. The music includes a dynamic marking *mp*.

17

Musical score for measure 17. It features a bass clef and a common time signature. The music includes a dynamic marking *mf*.

23

Musical score for measure 23. It features a bass clef and a common time signature. The music includes dynamic markings *f*, *mp*, and *mp mf*.

B

29

Musical score for measure 29. It features a bass clef and a common time signature. The music includes a dynamic marking *f*.

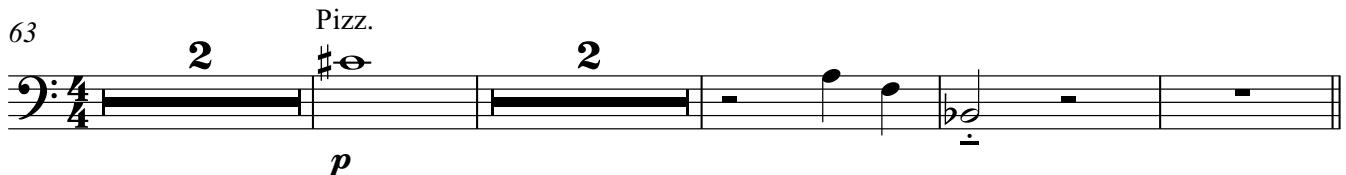
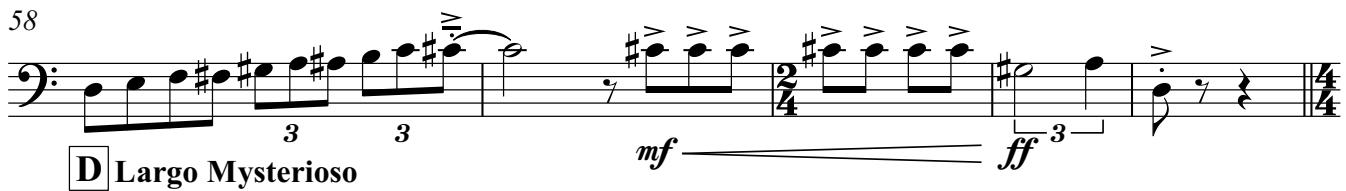
accel. Più mosso $\downarrow=100$

35

Musical score for measure 35. It features a bass clef and a common time signature. The music includes a dynamic marking \geq and measures with time signatures 3, 3, 8, and 3.

2
54

Berde
Nokturno



E 71 Moderato Con moto
Ord.

